## The Periodic Table

## Elements

$\qquad$ are pure chemicals. They cannot be $\qquad$ into parts. They can only be joined together.

Some elements are:
$\qquad$

## Compounds

are made of elements joined together.
Some compounds are:

## The periodic table

By 1800 scientists had started sorting out the elements into
$\qquad$ Many elements had not yet been discovered. In
1869 a $\qquad$ scientist called Dmitri Mendeleev put elements in order by how heavy they were. He made a chart and called it the $\qquad$ Chemicals that are in the same groups do
. columns $\qquad$ the same sort of things (fo
are poisonous to humans !!)

## Missing words:

| groups | Russian | periodic | table |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| groups | compounds | elements | split |
| elements | Carbon dioxide | oxygen | iodine |
| Water | magnesium | zinc | Calcium sulphate |
| (hydrogen oxide) |  |  |  |

This is a periodic table. Colour in:


## Questions

How many groups are there in the periodic table?
How many elements are there in group 1?
How many elements are there in the transition metals?
Which group is Cl (chlorine) in?
Which groups is Na (sodium) in?
Which group is Co (cobalt) in?
Which of these elements is the odd one out? Li Na Mg K Rb Cs
This is another picture of the periodic table. Colour in all the metals orange and the non-metals yellow.

Which side of the periodic table are all the metals on?
Is calcium a metal?
Is oxygen a metal?
Is mercury ( Hg ) a metal?

